











KET/KTL 2019

Introduction to the Safe, Readable, Maintainable and Secure Code for Embedded C Tipy a příklady

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- 1 About C
 - I'm Free to (do anything) . . . realy?
 - C is Portable but Platform Dependent?!
 - Really Bad Code
 - GeneralRecommendations
- 2 Preprocessor
 - Use Include Guards

- Wrap multi-statement macros in a do-while loop
- Do not conclude macro definitions with a semicolon
- Do Not Use Function-like Macros
- Prefer Enums
- 3 Code Analyzers

About C I'm Free to (do anything) . . . realy?



- C is imperative procedural language
 - describes algorithms
 - uses functions (procedures)
- C is everywhere
 - C compiler is the must for any platform (from MCU to supercomputer)
- C has simple design
 - weak types, pointers & pointer arithmetic, pre-processor, inline assembler, . . .
 - Basic types: int, float, enum
 - Derived types: array, pointer, struct, union



- Data types:
 - char, short, long, int
 - signed, unsigned signed is default and may be implicit
 - float, double



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```
sizeof(char) == 1
sizeof(short int) <= sizeof(int) <= sizeof(long int)
sizeof(unsigned int) = sizeof(signed int)
sizeof(float) <= sizeof(double) <= sizeof(long double)
...

typedef unsigned char uint8_t;
typedef unsigned short int uint16_t;</pre>
```



- Data types:
 - char, short, long, int
 - signed, unsigned signed is default and may be implicit
 - float, double

```
// File: /usr/arm-none-eabi/include/machine/_default_types.h
#ifdef __INT16_TYPE__
    typedef __INT16_TYPE__ __int16_t;
#ifdef __UINT16_TYPE__
        typedef __UINT16_TYPE__ __uint16_t;
#else
        typedef unsigned __INT16_TYPE__ __uint16_t;
#endif
#define ___int16_t_defined 1
#elif __EXP(INT_MAX) == 0x7fff
    typedef signed int __int16_t;
    typedef unsigned int __uint16_t;
#define ___int16_t_defined 1
```



- Data types:
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```
// File: /usr/arm-none-eabi/include/sys/_stdint.h
#ifdef ___int16_t_defined
    #ifndef _INT16_T_DECLARED
        typedef __int16_t int16_t;
        #define _INT16_T_DECLARED
#endif
#ifndef _UINT16_T_DECLARED
        typedef __uint16_t uint16_t;
        #define _UINT16_T_DECLARED
#endif
#endif
#endif
#endif /* __int16_t_defined 1
#endif /* __int16_t_defined */
```



- Data types:
 - char, short, long, int
 - signed, unsigned signed is default and may be implicit
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```
sizeof(char) == 1
sizeof(uint8_t) == sizeof(int8_t) == 1
sizeof(uint16_t) == sizeof(int16_t) == 2
sizeof(uint32_t) == sizeof(int32_t) == 3
```



```
void main() {
  int a, i;
  int *x = &a:
  for(a = 10, i = 0; i < 10; i++)
    if (x = 10)
       goto LOOP;
     else
       printf("X_{\square}! = 10_{\square} n");
       x += 1;
       a += 2:
       printf("X_{11}+=_{11}1;_{11}a_{11}+=2_{11}\setminus n");
  I.OOP:
    printf("Start_Loop_L..._%d_%d\n", a, *x);
     while(1)
       asm("nop");
```



```
void main() {
  int a, i;
                                         // bad names - too short
  int *x = &a:
                                         // and undocumented
  for(a = 10, i = 0; i < 10; i++)  // missing brackets</pre>
    if (x = 10)
                                        // this is always TRUE!
      goto LOOP;
                                         // goto in C ...
    else
      printf("X_{11}! = 110_{11} n");
                                   // END-of-for is here!
      x += 1:
      a += 2:
      printf("X_{11}+=_{11}1;_{11}a_{11}+=2_{11}\setminus n");
  I.OOP:
    printf("Start_Loop_L..._%d_%d\n", a, *x);
    // *x is at address 10 ... that's not our memory ...
    while(1)
      asm("nop");
```

About C General Recommendations



- use comments
- write self-documented code
- decomposition use functions, translation units
- **.**..

About C General Recommendations



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Preprocessor



- preprocessor operates on strings
- may do dangerous and unexpected (!) things . . .



Compliant solution:

```
#ifndef HEADER_H
#define HEADER_H

/* ... Contents of <header.h> ... */
#endif /* HEADER_H */
```

Preprocessor Wrap multi-statement macros in a do-while loop



```
#define SWAP(x, y) \
  tmp = x; \
  x = y; \
  y = tmp

int x, y, z, tmp;
if (z == 0)
  SWAP(x, y);
```

Expands to:

```
int x, y, z, tmp;
if (z == 0)
  tmp = x;
x = y;
y = tmp;
```

Preprocessor Wrap multi-statement macros in a do-while loop



Compliant solution:

```
#define SWAP(x, y) \
    do { \
        tmp = (x); \
        (x) = (y); \
        (y) = tmp; } \
    while (0)
```



```
#define FOR_LOOP(n) for(i=0; i<(n); i++);
int i;
FOR_LOOP(3)
{
   puts("Inside_lfor_lloop\n");
}</pre>
```

Expands to:

```
for(i=0; i<(3); i++); // empty loop
{
   puts("Inside_for_loop\n");
}</pre>
```



Compliant solution:

```
#define FOR_LOOP(n) for(i=0; i<(n); i++)
int i;
FOR_LOOP(3)
{
   puts("Inside_ufor_uloop\n");
}</pre>
```



```
#define CUBE(X) ((X) * (X) * (X))

void func(void) {
  int i = 2;
  int a = 81 / CUBE(++i);
  /* ... */
}
```

Expands to:

```
int a = 81 / ((++i) * (++i) * (++i));
```

- brackets are fine, but
- multiple increment was not intended!



Compliant solution:

```
inline int cube(int i) {
   return i * i * i;
}

void func(void) {
   int i = 2;
   int a = 81 / cube(++i);
   /* ... */
}
```





Better solution:

```
typedef enum {
   STATE_A = 0,
   STATE_B,
   STATE_C,
   STATE_D,
   STATE_LAST
} states_t;

states_t getNextState(states_t currState) {
   return (currState + 1) % (STATE_LAST + 1);
}
```

Note: do not use constants declared inside enumerate in preprocessor constructs – preprocessor does not know compiler defines!



- provides (a little bit of) type checking
- debugger may be able to display ENUM names instead of values (NICE!)
- compiler numbers enum items automatically
- compiler warning (limited, but present !)
 - switch statement missing case
 - mixing types some compilers and analyzers can warn you (clang -Wenum-conversion)



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Code Analyzers



- Static code analysis: splint, cppcheck, compilers (incl. warnings), . . .
- Preffer C-language over preprocessor (future) tools may catch possible errors

■ Featured Reading and Resources:

- Boswell, Dustin, and Trevor Foucher. The Art of Readable Code: Simple and Practical Techniques for Writing Better Code. "O'Reilly Media, Inc.", 2011.
- Seacord, Robert C. The CERT C secure coding standard. Pearson Education, 2008.
- Barnes, John Gilbert Presslie. Safe and secure software: An invitation to Ada 2005. AdaCore, 2008.

Thank you for your attention!

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